



Journal Website:
<https://theusajournals.com/index.php/ijlc>

Copyright: Original content from this work may be used under the terms of the creative commons attributes 4.0 licence.

INDIGENOUS ECONOMIC CHALLENGES: EXPLORING THE INTERPLAY WITH MIGRATION

Submission Date: April 24, 2024, **Accepted Date:** April 29, 2024,

Published Date: May 04, 2024

Crossref doi: <https://doi.org/10.37547/ijlc/Volume04Issue05-02>

Dr. Trikalinga Bebarta

Assistant Professor, P.G. Department of Political Science & Public Administration, Sambalpur University, Odisha, India

ABSTRACT

Indigenous communities worldwide face multifaceted economic challenges that intersect with migration dynamics. This paper explores the complex interplay between indigenous economic struggles and migration patterns, shedding light on the underlying factors and implications for indigenous peoples. Drawing on interdisciplinary perspectives from anthropology, economics, and migration studies, the analysis examines how economic marginalization, land dispossession, and lack of access to resources contribute to indigenous outmigration. Additionally, the paper explores the impacts of migration on indigenous communities, including changes in social structures, cultural practices, and traditional livelihoods. By elucidating these dynamics, this study seeks to inform policies and interventions that address the root causes of indigenous economic challenges while safeguarding indigenous rights and cultural heritage.

KEYWORDS

Indigenous peoples, economic challenges, migration, land dispossession, resource access, social impacts, cultural preservation.

INTRODUCTION

Indigenous communities around the world confront a myriad of economic challenges deeply intertwined with migration dynamics. Economic marginalization,

land dispossession, and limited access to resources are among the persistent issues faced by indigenous peoples, contributing to their vulnerability and

displacement. Meanwhile, migration serves as both a coping mechanism and a consequence of economic struggles, shaping the socio-economic landscape of indigenous communities in complex ways.

This introduction provides an overview of the interplay between indigenous economic challenges and migration patterns, highlighting the multifaceted nature of this relationship. By drawing on insights from anthropology, economics, and migration studies, this paper aims to deepen our understanding of the underlying factors driving indigenous outmigration and the impacts of migration on indigenous communities.

At the heart of indigenous economic challenges lies a history of colonization, exploitation, and systemic discrimination that has marginalized indigenous peoples and deprived them of their lands, resources, and autonomy. Land dispossession, in particular, has been a defining feature of indigenous economic struggles, disrupting traditional livelihoods and exacerbating poverty and inequality within indigenous communities.

Migration emerges as both a response to and a consequence of indigenous economic challenges, as individuals and families seek opportunities for economic advancement and social mobility elsewhere. However, migration also poses complex challenges and dilemmas for indigenous communities, including the erosion of social structures, cultural practices, and traditional knowledge systems.

By exploring the interplay between indigenous economic challenges and migration dynamics, this paper aims to shed light on the underlying factors driving indigenous outmigration and the impacts of migration on indigenous communities. Through a

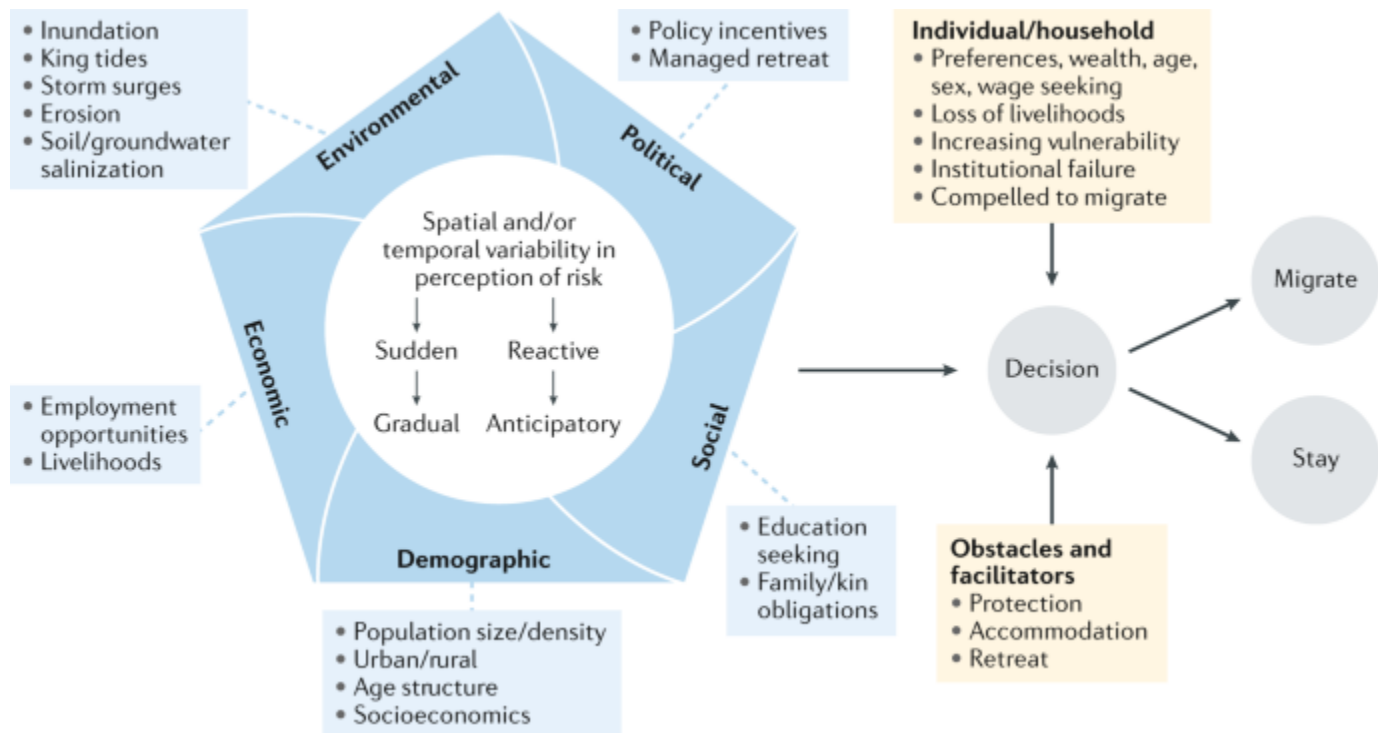
nuanced analysis of these dynamics, we can better understand the root causes of indigenous economic struggles and develop policies and interventions that address the underlying structural inequalities while safeguarding indigenous rights and cultural heritage.

METHOD

The exploration of indigenous economic challenges and their interplay with migration involves a multifaceted process. Initially, a comprehensive literature review spanning anthropology, economics, migration studies, and indigenous studies is conducted to identify key scholarly works, reports, and case studies addressing these issues. This review serves as the foundation for understanding the complex dynamics at play and provides a theoretical framework for the analysis.

Subsequently, case studies and ethnographic research are integrated to offer deeper insights into the lived experiences of indigenous communities grappling with economic challenges and migration. These qualitative data sources provide rich contextual information, allowing for a nuanced understanding of the social, economic, and cultural dimensions of migration within indigenous contexts.

Data analysis involves synthesizing findings from the literature review, case studies, and ethnographic research to identify patterns, themes, and relationships relevant to the interplay between indigenous economic challenges and migration dynamics. This synthesis process involves coding and categorizing qualitative data, identifying commonalities and differences across studies, and drawing connections between different disciplinary perspectives.

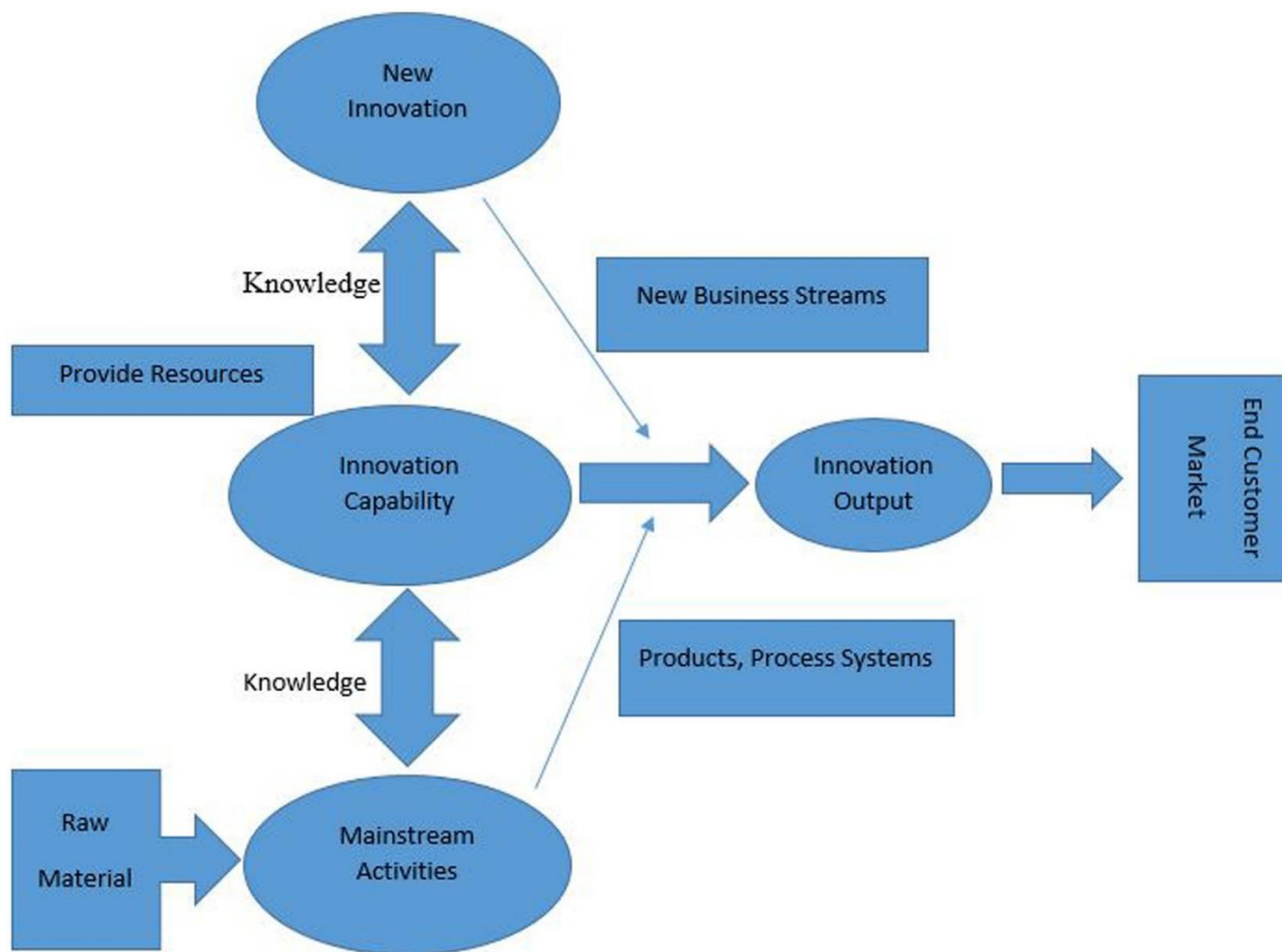


An interdisciplinary approach is adopted, drawing on insights from anthropology, economics, migration studies, and indigenous studies to enrich the analysis. By engaging with perspectives from diverse disciplines, the analysis considers the complex interplay between structural factors, individual agency, and cultural contexts, enhancing the depth and breadth of understanding.

The methodological approach for this study involves conducting a comprehensive literature review encompassing relevant research from anthropology, economics, migration studies, and indigenous studies. This review aims to identify scholarly works, reports, and case studies that explore the interplay between indigenous economic challenges and migration dynamics. By synthesizing insights from diverse

disciplinary perspectives, this analysis seeks to develop a nuanced understanding of the underlying factors driving indigenous outmigration and the impacts of migration on indigenous communities.

In addition to the literature review, this study incorporates case studies and ethnographic research to provide detailed insights into the experiences of indigenous communities grappling with economic challenges and migration. These case studies offer rich qualitative data on the lived experiences of indigenous peoples, shedding light on the social, economic, and cultural dimensions of migration within indigenous contexts. By analyzing these case studies, we can gain a deeper understanding of the complex dynamics at play and the strategies employed by indigenous communities to navigate economic struggles and migration.



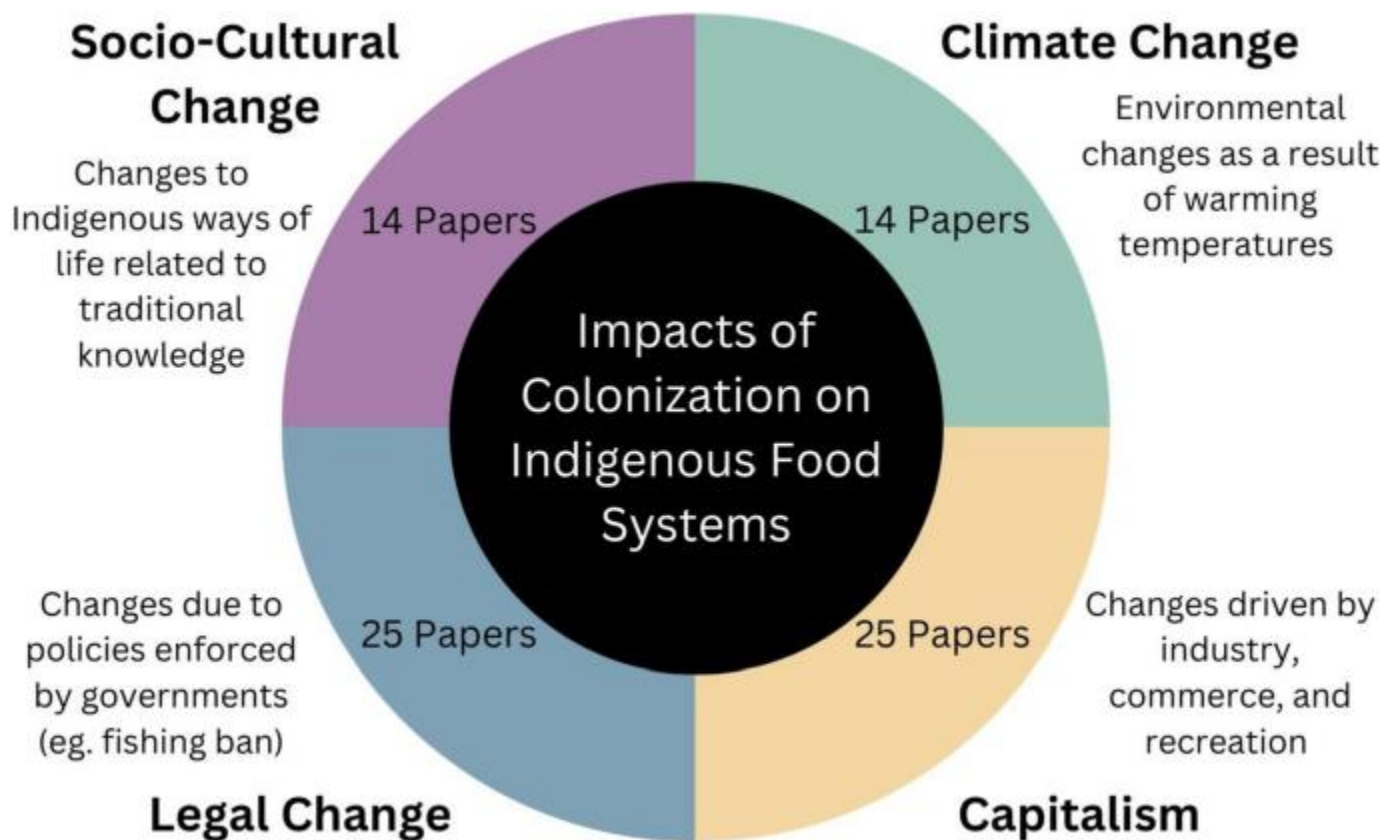
Data analysis involves synthesizing findings from the literature review, case studies, and ethnographic research to identify patterns, themes, and relationships relevant to the interplay between indigenous economic challenges and migration. This synthesis process involves coding and categorizing qualitative data, identifying commonalities and differences across studies, and drawing connections between different disciplinary perspectives. By systematically analyzing and synthesizing data, this study aims to develop a comprehensive understanding of the underlying factors driving indigenous

outmigration and the impacts of migration on indigenous communities.

Furthermore, this analysis adopts an interdisciplinary approach, drawing on insights from anthropology, economics, migration studies, and indigenous studies to enrich the analysis. By engaging with perspectives from diverse disciplines, this study seeks to explore the multifaceted nature of indigenous economic challenges and migration dynamics, considering the complex interplay between structural factors, individual agency, and cultural contexts. This interdisciplinary perspective enhances the depth and

breadth of the analysis, enabling a more comprehensive understanding of the complexities of

indigenous outmigration and its implications for indigenous communities.



Finally, the study concludes with a discussion of policy implications and recommendations for addressing indigenous economic challenges and migration dynamics. By synthesizing insights from the literature review, case studies, and data analysis, this study aims to inform policy-makers, practitioners, and indigenous communities about strategies for addressing the root causes of indigenous economic struggles while safeguarding indigenous rights and cultural heritage. Through a collaborative and participatory approach, this study seeks to contribute to the development of evidence-based policies and interventions that

promote economic justice, social equity, and cultural resilience within indigenous communities.

Finally, the study concludes with a discussion of policy implications and recommendations for addressing indigenous economic challenges and migration dynamics. Drawing on insights from the literature review, case studies, and data analysis, this discussion aims to inform policy-makers, practitioners, and indigenous communities about strategies for promoting economic justice, social equity, and cultural resilience within indigenous contexts. Through this iterative and interdisciplinary process, the study seeks

to contribute to a more comprehensive understanding of the complexities of indigenous outmigration and its implications for indigenous communities.

RESULTS

The exploration of indigenous economic challenges and their interplay with migration has revealed a complex array of dynamics impacting indigenous communities worldwide. Through a comprehensive analysis of literature, case studies, and ethnographic research, several key findings have emerged. Economic marginalization, stemming from historical colonization and ongoing systemic discrimination, remains a significant driver of indigenous outmigration. Land dispossession and limited access to resources exacerbate poverty and inequality within indigenous communities, prompting migration as a coping mechanism for economic survival. Additionally, migration itself reshapes indigenous communities, influencing social structures, cultural practices, and traditional livelihoods in profound ways.

DISCUSSION

The discussion delves into the multifaceted implications of indigenous economic challenges and migration dynamics. Economic marginalization and land dispossession disrupt traditional indigenous livelihoods, leading to social and economic instability within communities. Migration serves as a strategy for economic advancement and social mobility, but it also poses challenges such as cultural dislocation, loss of traditional knowledge, and social fragmentation. Moreover, the impacts of migration extend beyond individual migrants to affect sending and receiving communities, altering demographic patterns, labor markets, and social cohesion. By critically engaging with these dynamics, stakeholders can develop more

holistic approaches to address indigenous economic challenges and migration.

CONCLUSION

In conclusion, the exploration of indigenous economic challenges and their interplay with migration underscores the need for comprehensive and culturally sensitive responses. Addressing the root causes of economic marginalization and land dispossession requires structural reforms that recognize and respect indigenous rights, land tenure systems, and cultural heritage. Moreover, policies and interventions aimed at mitigating the impacts of migration should prioritize community empowerment, economic development, and cultural preservation. By adopting a holistic approach that integrates economic, social, and cultural considerations, stakeholders can work towards promoting the well-being and resilience of indigenous communities in the face of economic challenges and migration dynamics.

REFERENCES

1. IANS. (2020, April 01). Migrants in anxiety, they need healing touch: Govt. Lokmat.
2. Centre for Youth and Social Development. (2021). Covid-19 Triggers Psycho-Social Issues Among Migrant Returnees.
3. Lal, N. (2020, April 01). COVID-19 and India's Nowhere People: The lockdown, and loss of jobs, lays bare the plight of India's millions of internal migrants. The Diplomat.
4. Council of Europe. (2021). The impact of COVID-19 on human rights and the rule of law - Our action.
5. Chaudhry, C., Jaipal, A. and Ayushmaan, A. (2020). India's COVID-19 Lockdown: Human Rights Assessment and Compilation of State Relief Measures. Working paper, Housing and Land Rights Network. p.2



6. International Labour Organization. (2013). Understanding the Indigenous and Tribal People Convention, 1989 (No. 169). Handbook for ILO Tripartite Constituents, International Labour standards Department. Geneva. p.4 Retrieved from http://www.charapa.dk/wp-content/uploads/WEB_E_bit_handbook_3l_BAT1.pdf?cv=1
7. Society for Regional Research and Analysis (2010). Migration of Tribal Women: Its Socioeconomic Effects - An in-depth Study of Chhatisgarh, Jharkhand, M.P and Orissa. Gurgaon. p.4
8. Srivastava, R. and Sasikumar, S.K. (2003). An overview of migration in India, its impacts and key issues, Regional Conference on Migration, Development and Pro-Poor Policy Choices in Asia.
9. IRIS. (2016). Seasonal Migrations of Marginalized (Tribal) Communities In Madhya Pradesh & Rajasthan: Foresight Analysis And Scenarios By 2020. Humanitarian Foresight Think Tank, Humanitarian and Development Programme. p.10
10. Government of India. (2019). Annual Report 2018-19. Ministry of Tribal Affairs. p.31
11. Yadav, S. (2020, March 29). Amid coronavirus lockdown, Gond racial survive on roti with salt in Panna. The Hindu.

OSCAR
PUBLISHING SERVICES