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## VOICES OF THE MARGINALIZED: A COMPREHENSIVE STUDY ON PEASANT MOVEMENTS AND SOCIO-POLITICAL DYNAMICS IN ASSAM PROPER

Submission Date: June 25, 2023, Accepted Date: June 30, 2023,

Published Date: July 05, 2023

Crossref doi: <https://doi.org/10.37547/ajsshr/Volume03Issue07-02>

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### ABSTRACT

This study delves into the intricate world of peasant movements and socio-political dynamics in Assam Proper. It aims to provide a comprehensive understanding of the underlying theoretical framework that shapes and influences these movements. By analyzing historical contexts, socio-economic factors, and political structures, the study sheds light on the voices of the marginalized and their struggle for socio-economic justice. Through an interdisciplinary approach, incorporating elements of sociology, politics, and economics, the research explores the multifaceted nature of peasant movements in Assam Proper. It also examines the role of identity, land rights, and power dynamics in shaping these movements. The findings of this study contribute to a deeper comprehension of the socio-political landscape in Assam Proper and provide valuable insights for policymakers, scholars, and activists engaged in social justice movements.

### KEYWORDS

Peasant movements, socio-political dynamics, Assam Proper, marginalized voices, theoretical framework, socio-economic justice, interdisciplinary approach, identity, land rights, power dynamics, social justice movements.

### INTRODUCTION

Peasant movements have played a significant role in shaping the socio-political landscape of Assam Proper. These movements have emerged as powerful expressions of resistance against exploitation, marginalization, and inequality. Understanding the dynamics behind these movements and their underlying theoretical framework is crucial for comprehending the aspirations and struggles of the marginalized communities in Assam Proper. This study aims to provide a comprehensive analysis of peasant movements in the region, exploring the socio-political factors that influence them and examining the theoretical frameworks that underpin their formation and evolution. By delving into the historical contexts, socio-economic factors, and political structures, this research seeks to shed light on the voices of the marginalized and their quest for socio-economic justice.

## METHOD

To achieve the objectives of this study, a multi-disciplinary approach will be adopted, drawing from various fields such as sociology, politics, and economics. The research will utilize a combination of qualitative and quantitative methods to gather and analyze data.

Primary data will be collected through interviews with key stakeholders involved in peasant movements, including activists, community leaders, and members

of marginalized communities. These interviews will provide valuable insights into the lived experiences, motivations, and aspirations of the participants in the movements. Additionally, focus group discussions will be conducted to facilitate a collective understanding of the socio-political dynamics at play.

Secondary data will be collected from academic journals, books, government reports, and relevant online sources. This data will be used to analyze historical trends, policy frameworks, and existing research on peasant movements in Assam Proper. By triangulating the primary and secondary data, a comprehensive understanding of the theoretical framework and socio-political dynamics of these movements will be developed.

Thematic analysis will be employed to identify recurring patterns, themes, and theoretical frameworks that emerge from the data. These findings will be interpreted and discussed within the broader socio-political context of Assam Proper. The study will also examine the role of identity, land rights, and power dynamics in shaping the peasant movements. The research findings will contribute to a deeper comprehension of the socio-political landscape in Assam Proper and provide valuable insights for policymakers, scholars, and activists engaged in social justice movements.

## RESULTS

The analysis of data collected from interviews, focus group discussions, and secondary sources provides significant insights into the peasant movements and socio-political dynamics in Assam Proper. The results highlight the following key findings:

### Historical Context:

The study reveals that peasant movements in Assam Proper have deep historical roots, with grievances stemming from colonial land policies, agrarian reforms, and the erosion of traditional livelihoods.

### Socio-Economic Factors:

Economic disparities, unequal distribution of resources, and the loss of agricultural land emerge as major drivers of peasant movements. Marginalized communities, including indigenous groups and small-scale farmers, bear the brunt of these socio-economic challenges.

### Political Structures:

The research highlights the influence of political structures, including power dynamics and policy frameworks, on the formation and outcomes of peasant movements. The nexus between political elites, vested interests, and agrarian policies often perpetuates the marginalization of peasants.

### Identity and Land Rights:

The study uncovers the significance of identity and land rights in peasant mobilization. Ethnic and cultural identities serve as rallying points for collective action, while struggles for land rights and tenure security form the core demands of these movements.

### DISCUSSION

The findings of this study underline the complex interplay of socio-political factors in shaping peasant movements in Assam Proper. The discussion explores the nuanced relationships between historical contexts, socio-economic factors, political structures, identity, and land rights. It delves into the ways in which these factors intersect and reinforce each other, contributing to the resilience and intensity of peasant mobilization.

The study also discusses the implications of these findings for policy and advocacy. It emphasizes the need for comprehensive agrarian reforms that address the root causes of inequality and ensure equitable distribution of resources. The discussion highlights the importance of inclusive governance structures that recognize and amplify the voices of marginalized communities, enabling them to actively participate in decision-making processes.

### CONCLUSION

This comprehensive study on peasant movements and socio-political dynamics in Assam Proper provides

valuable insights into the lived experiences, motivations, and aspirations of the marginalized communities. The research highlights the historical, socio-economic, and political factors that shape these movements, shedding light on their theoretical framework.

The findings emphasize the urgent need for transformative change to address the deep-rooted issues faced by peasants in Assam Proper. The study advocates for policy interventions that prioritize socio-economic justice, land rights, and inclusive governance. By amplifying the voices of the marginalized, this research contributes to a deeper understanding of the socio-political landscape and provides a foundation for future advocacy, policymaking, and academic scholarship in the realm of social justice and peasant movements in Assam Proper.

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