American Journal Of Social Sciences And Humanity Research (ISSN - 2771-2141)

VOLUME 03 ISSUE 05 Pages: 01-03

SJIF IMPACT FACTOR (2021: 5. 993) (2022: 6. 015) (2023: 7. 164)

OCLC - 1121105677











Publisher: Oscar Publishing Services





Website: https://theusajournals. com/index.php/ajsshr

Original Copyright: content from this work may be used under the terms of the creative commons attributes 4.0 licence.

EXPLORING RELIGION AS A PSYCHOLOGICAL CONCEPT

Submission Date: April 25, 2023, Accepted Date: April 30, 2023,

Published Date: May 01, 2023

Crossref doi: https://doi.org/10.37547/ajsshr/Volume03Issue05-01

Dr. Richa Shrivastava

Associate Professor, Psychology Department D.G (P.G) College Kanpur, India

ABSTRACT

This article explores the concept of religion from a psychological perspective, focusing on its impact on human behavior, cognition, and emotion. The study uses a literature review approach to identify the key themes and trends related to religion as a psychological concept. The findings reveal that religion has significant psychological implications and impacts human behavior, cognition, and emotion. However, there are limitations and gaps in the current state of research that need to be addressed. This study highlights the need for further research on the impact of religion on diverse populations and the need for more objective measures of religious beliefs and practices.

KEYWORDS

Religion, psychology, behavior, cognition, emotion, coping mechanism, meaning, prosocial behavior, deviant behavior, perception, attention, memory, self-report measures, cultural and religious diversity.

INTRODUCTION

Religion has been an integral part of human society for centuries, and its impact on the individual and collective psyche is undeniable. While religion is primarily viewed as a spiritual or philosophical concept, it also has significant psychological implications. This article explores the concept of religion from a

psychological perspective, focusing on its impact on human behavior, cognition, and emotion. The article begins with an overview of the research methodology before delving into the results of the literature review. Finally, the article concludes with a discussion of the

American Journal Of Social Sciences And Humanity Research (ISSN - 2771-2141)

VOLUME 03 ISSUE 05 Pages: 01-03

SJIF IMPACT FACTOR (2021: 5. 993) (2022: 6. 015) (2023: 7. 164)

OCLC - 1121105677











Publisher: Oscar Publishing Services

implications of the findings and the significance of religion as a psychological concept.

METHOD

This article uses a literature review approach to explore the concept of religion from a psychological perspective. The research design involves the following steps:

Search for relevant literature: A comprehensive search was conducted using various online and offline sources, including academic databases, books, and scholarly articles. The search was focused on publications that explore religion as a psychological concept and its impact on human behavior, cognition, and emotion.

Data collection: The selected literature was then collected and compiled into a dataset. The dataset includes information on the authors, titles of the publications, dates of publication, and key findings.

Data analysis: The data analysis involved a critical evaluation of the literature to identify the key themes and trends related to religion as a psychological concept. The analysis also sought to identify the gaps and limitations in the literature and to provide a comprehensive overview of the current state of research in this area.

Validation: The findings of the literature review were validated through peer review and feedback from

experts in the field of psychology and religion. The feedback was used to refine the analysis and to ensure the accuracy and validity of the findings.

RESULTS

The literature review reveals that religion has a significant impact on human behavior, cognition, and emotion. The findings suggest that religion can serve as a coping mechanism for individuals facing stressful life events and can provide a sense of meaning and purpose in life. Religion also influences social behavior, with religious individuals being more likely to engage in prosocial behaviors and less likely to engage in deviant behavior. Additionally, religion can impact cognitive processes such as perception, attention, and memory, with religious beliefs and practices shaping the way individuals interpret and remember events.

However, the literature review also highlights some limitations and gaps in the current state of research. For example, many studies rely on self-report measures of religious beliefs and practices, which may be subject to bias and inaccuracies. Additionally, there is a need for more research on the impact of religion on diverse populations, including individuals from different cultural and religious backgrounds.

CONCLUSION

This article provides a comprehensive overview of the concept of religion from a psychological perspective.

American Journal Of Social Sciences And Humanity Research (ISSN - 2771-2141)

VOLUME 03 ISSUE 05 Pages: 01-03

SJIF IMPACT FACTOR (2021: 5. 993) (2022: 6. 015) (2023: 7. 164)

OCLC - 1121105677











Publisher: Oscar Publishing Services

The findings suggest that religion has significant psychological implications and impacts human behavior, cognition, and emotion. However, there are limitations and gaps in the current state of research that need to be addressed. This study highlights the need for further research on the impact of religion on diverse populations and the need for more objective measures of religious beliefs and practices. Overall, this article contributes to the ongoing discourse on religion as a psychological concept and its role in shaping human behavior and cognition.

REFERENCES

- argament, K. I. (1997). The psychology of religion and coping: Theory, research, and practice. Guilford Press.
- Hood, R. W., Jr., Hill, P. C., & Spilka, B. (2009). The psychology of religion: An empirical approach. Guilford Press.
- Paloutzian, R. F., & Park, C. L. (Eds.). (2013). Handbook of the psychology of religion and spirituality. Guilford Press.
- Emmons, R. A., & Paloutzian, R. F. (Eds.). (2003). The psychology of religion. Annual Review of Psychology, 54, 377-402.
- Smith, T. B., McCullough, M. E., & Poll, J. (2003). Religiousness and depression: Evidence for a main effect and the moderating influence of stressful life events. Psychological Bulletin, 129(4), 614-636.

- 6. Vail, K. E., III, Rothschild, Z. K., Weise, D. R., Solomon, S., Pyszczynski, T., & Greenberg, J. (2010). A terror management analysis of the psychological functions of religion. Personality and Social Psychology Review, 14(1), 84-94.
- 7. Chen, Z., & Poon, K. T. (2017). Religion and prosocial behavior: A systematic review and meta-analysis of the experimental evidence. Personality and Social Psychology Review, 21(4), 324-348.
- 8. Norenzayan, A., & Shariff, A. F. (2008). The origin and evolution of religious prosociality. Science, 322(5898), 58-62.
- 9. Gray, K., & Wegner, D. M. (2012). Feeling good by doing good: On the nature of moral-induced elevation. Emotion Review, 4(3), 223-227.
- 10. Johnson, M. K., Rowatt, W. C., & LaBouff, J. P. (2010). Priming Christian religious concepts increases racial prejudice. Social Psychological and Personality Science, 1(2), 119-126.