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SUGAR-COATED PROSPERITY: A COMPREHENSIVE EXAMINATION OF VALUE-ADDED DISTRIBUTION IN THE BROWN SUGAR (SAKA) AGROINDUSTRY OF BUKIK BATABUAH VILLAGE, CANDUANG SUB-DISTRICT, AGAM REGENCY

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ABSTRACT

This study delves into the intricate dynamics of value-added distribution within the brown sugar (Saka) agroindustry situated in Bukik Batabuah Village, Canduang Sub-district, Agam Regency. Through a comprehensive analysis, the research explores the various components of the value chain, from cultivation to processing and distribution. Special attention is given to identifying key factors contributing to the success and challenges faced by stakeholders in the industry. The findings of this study provide valuable insights into optimizing the value-added distribution in the brown sugar agroindustry, fostering sustainable growth and economic development in the region.

KEYWORDS

Brown Sugar, Saka Agroindustry, Value-Added Distribution, Bukik Batabuah Village, Canduang Sub-district, Agam Regency, Value Chain, Economic Development, Stakeholder Analysis, Sustainable Growth.

INTRODUCTION

The bucolic landscapes of Bukik Batabuah Village, nestled within the verdant expanse of Canduang Sub-district, Agam Regency, conceal a sweet secret within

their fertile grounds—the flourishing brown sugar (Saka) agroindustry. In recent years, this local enterprise has emerged as a vital economic lifeline,



contributing to the prosperity of the community and the region at large. Against this backdrop, our study, titled "Sugar-Coated Prosperity: A Comprehensive Examination of Value-Added Distribution in the Brown Sugar (Saka) Agroindustry of Bukik Batabuah Village, Canduang Sub-district, Agam Regency," endeavors to unravel the intricate tapestry of this thriving sector.

The brown sugar agroindustry represents not only a source of livelihood for the local populace but also a symbol of resilience and sustainable agricultural practices. As the demand for brown sugar continues to rise, understanding the nuances of value-added distribution becomes paramount for the optimization of the industry's potential. This research aims to provide a thorough analysis of the entire value chain, encompassing cultivation, processing, and distribution, with a keen focus on the unique dynamics shaping the industry within the specified geographic context.

Our exploration goes beyond the surface, seeking to identify the critical factors influencing the success of stakeholders involved in the brown sugar agroindustry. By delving into the challenges faced by farmers, processors, and distributors, we aim to unearth opportunities for improvement and sustainable growth. The findings of this study are anticipated to not only contribute to the academic discourse surrounding agricultural economics but also offer practical insights for local policymakers, agribusinesses, and community leaders to enhance the resilience and prosperity of the brown sugar agroindustry in Bukik Batabuah Village and its surroundings.

In the subsequent sections, we will navigate through the intricate layers of the value-added distribution process, exploring the interplay of economic, social, and environmental factors that shape the destiny of

this sweet enterprise. The journey promises not only a glimpse into the economic dynamics but also a deeper understanding of the role played by the brown sugar agroindustry in fostering sustainable development within the heart of Agam Regency.

METHOD

The comprehensive examination of value-added distribution in the brown sugar (Saka) agroindustry of Bukik Batabuah Village, Canduang Sub-district, Agam Regency, involved a systematic and iterative process that aimed to capture the intricacies of the industry. The journey began with an exhaustive review of existing literature, laying the groundwork for the subsequent stages of research. This literature review not only provided theoretical insights but also identified gaps and areas of focus for the primary data collection phase.

Subsequently, field surveys and in-depth interviews were conducted within the village and its surrounding areas. Stakeholders, including farmers, processors, distributors, and community leaders, were actively engaged to gather qualitative data reflecting their experiences, challenges, and perspectives on the value-added distribution process. These firsthand accounts enriched the research with context-specific details, offering a deeper understanding of the industry's local dynamics.

In parallel, quantitative data were collected through structured surveys distributed among a representative sample of stakeholders. These surveys were designed to elicit information on production volumes, processing techniques, distribution networks, and economic indicators. The quantitative data, complemented by qualitative insights, formed the basis for statistical analysis and trend identification.

On-site observations played a crucial role in validating and contextualizing the data gathered through surveys and interviews. The researchers immersed themselves in the various stages of brown sugar production, from cultivation to processing and distribution. This immersive approach not only provided a holistic perspective but also uncovered nuances that might not have been apparent through other methods.

To foster collaboration and gather diverse perspectives, stakeholder workshops were organized. Bringing together farmers, processors, distributors, and local authorities, these workshops served as forums for discussing challenges, exploring opportunities, and co-creating potential solutions. The interactive nature of the workshops facilitated knowledge exchange and ensured community involvement in the research process.

The collected data, both qualitative and quantitative, underwent rigorous analysis. Thematic analysis was applied to qualitative data to identify patterns and themes, while statistical tools were employed for quantitative data to extract meaningful insights. The interdisciplinary nature of the research allowed for the integration of economic, social, and environmental perspectives, painting a holistic picture of the brown sugar agroindustry in Bukik Batabuah Village.

The iterative nature of the process, with feedback loops between data collection, analysis, and stakeholder engagement, ensured the robustness and relevance of the findings. This comprehensive approach aimed not only to uncover the current state of value-added distribution but also to provide practical insights for sustainable development, fostering "Sugar-Coated Prosperity" within the heart of Agam Regency.

To comprehensively examine the value-added distribution in the brown sugar (Saka) agroindustry of Bukik Batabuah Village, Canduang Sub-district, Agam Regency, a multi-faceted research approach was employed. The methodology encompassed key stages, including data collection, analysis, and interpretation, with a focus on triangulating information from various sources to ensure the robustness and reliability of the findings.

Literature Review:

The research commenced with an extensive review of existing literature related to brown sugar agroindustries, value chains, and agricultural economics. This literature review aimed to establish a theoretical foundation and identify gaps in current knowledge, guiding the subsequent steps of the research.

Field Surveys and Interviews:

Primary data were gathered through field surveys and in-depth interviews conducted within Bukik Batabuah Village and its surroundings. Farmers, processors, distributors, and other stakeholders were interviewed to obtain firsthand insights into their experiences, challenges, and strategies within the value chain. This qualitative data provided a nuanced understanding of the local context and the dynamics at play.

Quantitative Data Collection:

Quantitative data, crucial for statistical analysis, were collected through structured surveys distributed among a representative sample of stakeholders. These surveys included questions related to production volumes, processing techniques, distribution networks, and economic indicators. The quantitative data facilitated the formulation of statistical models to

identify trends and patterns within the value-added distribution process.

On-site Observations:

On-site observations were conducted at different stages of the brown sugar production and distribution process. This approach allowed for a firsthand understanding of cultivation practices, processing methods, and logistical challenges. Observations also provided valuable context for interpreting survey responses and interview narratives.

Stakeholder Workshops:

To foster a collaborative approach and gather insights from diverse perspectives, stakeholder workshops were organized. These workshops brought together farmers, processors, distributors, and local authorities to discuss challenges, opportunities, and potential solutions. The interactive nature of the workshops facilitated the exchange of knowledge and encouraged community engagement.

Data Analysis:

Both qualitative and quantitative data underwent rigorous analysis. Qualitative data were subjected to thematic analysis to identify recurring themes and patterns. Quantitative data were processed using statistical tools to derive meaningful insights into production trends, distribution efficiencies, and economic indicators.

Interdisciplinary Approach:

An interdisciplinary approach was adopted to integrate economic, social, and environmental perspectives into the analysis. This holistic view aimed to capture the complexity of the brown sugar agroindustry and its impact on the community and the environment.

The amalgamation of these methodological approaches ensured a comprehensive examination of the value-added distribution in the brown sugar agroindustry of Bukik Batabuah Village, offering a nuanced understanding of the industry's dynamics and providing practical insights for sustainable development.

RESULTS

The results of the comprehensive examination of value-added distribution in the brown sugar (Saka) agroindustry of Bukik Batabuah Village reveal a nuanced picture of the industry's dynamics. Quantitative data analysis indicates a steady increase in production volumes over the past few years, driven by a combination of improved cultivation practices and increased demand for brown sugar in local and regional markets. However, challenges in processing efficiency and distribution networks were identified as potential bottlenecks that impact the industry's overall performance.

Stakeholder interviews and qualitative data analysis uncovered the intricate web of challenges faced by farmers, processors, and distributors. Farmers expressed concerns about fluctuating market prices for raw sugarcane and the need for more sustainable cultivation practices. Processors highlighted the importance of modernizing processing techniques to enhance efficiency and product quality. Distributors, on the other hand, emphasized the significance of reliable transportation infrastructure for timely and cost-effective market access.

DISCUSSION

The discussion section delves into the key findings, drawing connections between various elements of the brown sugar agroindustry in Bukik Batabuah Village. It

explores the interplay between cultivation practices, processing methods, and distribution networks. The challenges identified in each stage of the value chain are discussed in relation to their potential impact on the industry's overall sustainability and prosperity.

The need for collaborative efforts between stakeholders becomes apparent, with recommendations for the implementation of sustainable agricultural practices, technological advancements in processing, and infrastructure development for efficient distribution. The discussion also considers the socio-economic aspects, including the role of the brown sugar agroindustry in community development and the potential for job creation.

CONCLUSION

In conclusion, "Sugar-Coated Prosperity" encapsulates the multifaceted nature of the brown sugar (Saka) agroindustry in Bukik Batabuah Village. The research has provided valuable insights into the challenges and opportunities within the value-added distribution process, laying the foundation for informed decision-making and strategic interventions

Recommendations for sustainable development include the adoption of environmentally friendly cultivation practices, the introduction of modern processing techniques, and investments in infrastructure for improved distribution. Community engagement and collaboration among stakeholders are pivotal for the successful implementation of these recommendations.

This comprehensive examination serves not only as a snapshot of the current state of the brown sugar agroindustry but also as a roadmap for a more resilient and prosperous future. As Bukik Batabuah Village navigates the path towards sustainable development,

the lessons learned from this study can inform policies, initiatives, and innovations that contribute to the enduring success of the brown sugar agroindustry in Agam Regency.

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